

Fever and Ague Pills.

A certain and speedy cure for Fever and Ague. The extensive prevalence in this country of that troublesome disease FEVER AND AGUE, or INTERMITTENT FEVER, and the vast amount of suffering and distress which it has occasioned, has naturally led to the adoption of many compounds and mixtures for its mitigation and relief. Among these some few have been found temporarily beneficial in particular cases while the great majority are not only utterly useless, but absolutely deleterious—in many instances operating as stimulants to the disease intended to be cured. In other cases the deleterious nature of the ingredients used in these empirical compounds, has been found extensively prejudicial to the constitution, not unfrequently resulting in other affections of a highly dangerous character.

It must be evident to all persons of reflection, that FEVER AND AGUE, to be treated successfully, must be approached scientifically, and with a full knowledge of the peculiar character of the disease, and particularly of the leading causes of its appearance. Though differing materially in many of its features from other fevers, INTERMITTENT FEVER, OR FEVER AND AGUE, is almost always accompanied by a deranged and sometimes an irritable condition of the digestive apparatus. This condition is indicated by a quick pulse, thirst, pain in the head and loins, and other evidences of fever. To afford the desired relief by the adoption of a medicine calculated to operate upon the digestive organs, remove the afflicting disease, and correct and improve the tone of the stomach, the most earnest attention has recently been directed by several medical gentlemen of extensive experience, and the result of the investigation is the adoption of the preparation here recommended as HULL'S PILLS, which having been prepared with the sole reference to this particular disease, and with strict regard to medical science, is admirably adapted to restore the deranged organs of the system to a healthy state, and of course to remove, simultaneously, both the disease and its causes.

In renewing the healthy action of the digestive organs, the effect of this medicine is to operate in a highly beneficial manner upon diseases originating in similar causes with Fever and Ague. Among these may be classed, Bowel Complaint, Dysentery, Heart-burn, Flatulency of the bowels, Want of Appetite, Night-Sweats, Water-Brash, and that most obstinate complaint, DYSPEPSIA; the extensive prevalence of which, in this country, has become a matter of serious alarm. For all these diseases, these Pills are an excellent remedy. Each box contains 20 doses. Price, only One Dollar.

For sale by C. & G. STANCILL, Carrollton, March 21, 1843. 3-6m.

DR. SPENCER'S VEGETABLE ANTI-BILLIOUS AND ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILLS.

The universal estimation in which these celebrated Pills are held, is satisfactorily demonstrated by the increasing demand for them in every State and section of the Union; and by the voluntary testimonials to their remarkable efficacy which are every where offered. It is not less from a deeply gratifying confidence that they are the means of extensive and inestimable good among the afflicted fellow-creatures, than from interested considerations, that the proprietor of these pre-eminently successful medicines is desirous of keeping them constantly before the public eye. The sale of every additional box and bottle is a guarantee that some persons will be relieved from a greater or less degree of suffering, and be improved in general health; for in no case of suffering from disease can they be taken in vain. The proprietor has never known or been informed of an instance in which they have failed to do good. In the most obstinate cases of chronic disease, such as chronic dyspepsia, torpid liver, rheumatism, asthma, nervous and bilious head-ache, costiveness, piles, general debility, scorfulous swellings and ulcers, scurvy, salt and all other chronic affections of the organs and membranes, they effect cures with a rapidity and permanency which few persons would theoretically believe, but to which thousands have testified from happy experience. In colds and coughs, which if neglected, superinduce the most fatal diseases of the lungs, and indeed the viciars in general, these medicines, if taken but for three or four days never fail. Taken at night, they so promote the insensible perspiration, and so relieve the system of febrile action and feculent obstructions, as to produce a most delightful sense of convalescence in the morning, and though the usual symptoms of a cold should particularly return during the day; the repetition of a suitable dose at the next hour of bed-time will almost invariably effect permanent relief, without further aid. Their effect upon fevers of a more acute and violent kind is not less sure and speedy if taken in proportionable quantity; and persons retreating to bed with inflammatory symptoms of the most alarming kind, will awake with the gratifying consciousness that the fierce enemy has been overthrown, and can easily be subdued. In the same way, visceral turbulence, though long established, and visceral inflammations, however critical, will yield—the former to small and the latter to large doses of these Pills; and so also hysterical affections, hypochondriacism, restlessness, and very many other varieties of the Neurotic class of diseases, yield to the efficacy of these Pills. Price, twenty-five cents per box, with full directions. For sale by C. & G. STANCILL, Carrollton, March 21, 1843. 3-6m.

HULL'S WORM LOZENGES.

Proved in more than 1,500 cases to be infallible, the only certain Worm-destroying Medicines in use, and are the greatest discovery ever made for dispelling the various kinds of worms, that so frequently and distressingly annoy both children and adults. Many diseases arise from worms, and occasion long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected: grown persons are very often afflicted with them and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit; when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them. They are an infallible remedy, and so pleasant to the taste that children will take them as readily as common peppermint Lozenges.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—Pain in the joints and limbs, offensive breath, picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, and at times a paleness about the lips with flushed cheeks; bleeding at the nose, a growing sensation at the stomach, flashes of heat over the surface of the body, slight chills or shiverings, headache, drowsiness, vertigo, torpor, disturbed dreams, sudden starting in sleep with fright and screaming; with a troublesome cough, feverishness; thirst, paid hue, fits, bad taste in the mouth, difficult breathing, pain in the stomach or bowels, fatigue, nausea, squeamishness, voracious appetite, leanness, bloated stomach or limbs, gripping pains in various parts of the body, a sense of something rising in the throat, itching of the anus towards night, a frequent desire to pass something from the bowels, and sometimes discharges of slime and mucus.

Read the following Letters:

New-York, September 13, 1841.
DEAR DOCTOR.—According to your request, we have used your Lozenges in several cases of worms, and found them uniformly successful. We have no difficulty in getting children to take them, as they are perfectly pleasant. We shall use them in our practice whenever occasion offers, believing them to be the best vermifuge medicine in use. We have also used your Cough Lozenges very extensively, and find them fully to answer the purpose you recommend them for.
We are yours, respectfully,
ZACHARIAH B. LANE, M.D.
W. E. PLEASANT, M.D.
GREEN H. BARRY, M.D.

Dr. Smith's child that was cured of fits by

nothing else would give her the least relief. He has used them in his practice for the last two years in several hundred cases, and always with success. A boy on Board of one of the New Orleans Packets was cured of fits by only one dose of them.

Mr. Fulson, of Spring street, cured three of his children of worms by only one box.

Captain Griffin, cured his child 8 years old, by only three doses. She had been given up by the physicians as incurable, and was fast wasting away, being almost reduced to a skeleton. The doctors could not tell what ailed the child, and the father in reading the symptoms of worms, thought probably they might be the cause of all the difficulty, and consequently applied to Dr. Hull, who gave her a box of his Worm Lozenges; after the first dose the child ran to her father, frightened at the large quantity of worms that came from her. She is now as well and hearty as any child, and no doubt has been saved from an early grave by only three doses of these Lozenges.

Mr. W. Hopewell, East Broadway, gave them to his child and they brought away worms by hundreds. Parents should always keep these Lozenges in the house, for they are the best medicine that can be administered to children afflicted with worms. Children will take them as readily as most delicious sugar candy. Price, twenty-five cents a box, with full directions. For sale by C. & G. STANCILL, Carrollton, March 21, 1843. 3-6m.

DR. HULL'S WORM LOZENGES.
WORMS! WORMS! WORMS!!!—To remove these troublesome and dangerous inhabitants of the stomach and bowels, which so often impair the health and destroy the lives of CHILDREN use Dr. Hull's Worm Lozenges, a certain and safe preparation for the removal of the various kinds of Worms, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Want of Appetite, Infantile Fever and Ague, and Debility of the Stomach and Bowels and organs of Digestion. Price twenty-five cents per box, with full directions. For sale by C. & G. STANCILL, Carrollton March 21, 1843. 3-6m.

DR. LACOUNTS VEGETABLE TOOTH-ACHE ELIXIR.

A certain and immediate cure.
DR. LACOUNT having appointed several agents for the sale of his valuable Drops for the cure of the Tooth-Ache, can with confidence recommend it as an infallible cure in all cases, however severe; giving relief in a very few minutes, and that too without any injury to the Teeth or Gums; it possesses the property of enlivening the Gums when in a morbid state, and of restoring a healthy and vigorous action. Price, fifty cents a vial. For sale by C. & G. STANCILL, Carrollton, March 21, 1843. 3-6m.

National Magazine of Literature, Art and Fashion.

GRAHAM'S LADY'S & GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE.

THE PROSPECTUS FOR 1843.

Editors: GEO. R. GRAHAM & RUFUS W. GRISWOLD.

Regular Contributors:
J. FENIMORE COOPER, RICHARD H. DANA, WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT, HENRY W. LONGFELLOW, T. C. GRATTAN, CHARLES F. HOFFMAN.

GRAHAM'S is the oldest and most popular of the American Literary Magazines. The number for January, 1843, will be the first of the thirty-fifth volume. Its long and uniformly successful career, from its commencement with a few hundred subscribers, until the present time, when it has a circulation of fifty thousand copies per month, is perhaps as good an evidence of its great and constantly increasing merit as the publisher has it in his power to offer. To its old subscribers, he trusts, no assurances are necessary of his determination to maintain its present ascendancy over all the rival periodicals of the country. The engagement during the past year of such men as BRYANT, COOPER, DANA, LONGFELLOW, HOFFMAN, MANCOUR, and others, of high reputation in the literary world, as regular contributors, in addition to a previous list embracing many of the first names in the nation, is a sufficient guarantee that the work will continue to be the principal medium of communication between the best authors and the public. Among the attractions of the thirty-fifth volume, will be several TALES by Mr. Cooper, Mr. Grattan, Mr. Hoffman, Mr. Mancour, Mr. Herbert, Miss Leslie, "Mary Clavers," Mrs. Embury, Mrs. Ellet and Mrs. Stephens; POEMS by Mr. Bryant, Mr. Dana, Mr. Longfellow, Mr. Street, Mrs. Seba Smith, Mrs. Osgood and Mrs. Sigourney; ESSAYS by Mr. Fay, Mr. Jones, Mr. Tucker, Mr. Poe, etc. The following more complete list of contributors will convince the reader that it is well nigh impossible to have a superior corps in the present age:

James Fenimore Cooper, author of "The Spy," "The Pilot," "The Pioneers," "Naval History," "Home as Found," "The American Democrat," etc.
Richard H. Dana, author of "The Buccaneer," "The Idle Man," "Discourses on Shakespeare," etc.
William Cullen Bryant, author of "The Ages," "The Fountain," and other Poems, etc.
T. C. Grattan, author of "Highways and Byways," "Jaqueline of Holland," "History of the Netherlands," "The Heiress of Bruges," etc.
Henry W. Longfellow, author of "Voices of the Night," "Hyperion," "Oute Mer," "Ballads and other Poems," etc.
N. P. Willis, author of "Two Ways of Dying for a Husband," "Lullabies of Adventure," "Letters from under a Bridge," etc.
Charles Fenno Hoffman, author of "Wild Scenes in the Forest and the Prairie," "A Winter in the West," "Greyslaer," etc.
William Falconer, author of "Translations from Contemporary French and German Poets," "Residence in the Isle of France," etc.
Henry William Herbert, author of "Cromwell," "The Brothers," "The Maid of Orleans," "Ringwood the Rover," etc.
H. T. Tuckerman, author of "Rambles and Reveries," "Isabelle, or Sicily," etc.
Theodore S. Fay, author of "Norman Leslie," "The Countess Ida," etc.
John H. Manure, author of "Henri Quatre, or the Days of the League," etc.
Rufus W. Griswold, author of "The Poets and Poetry of America," etc.
Epes Sargent, author of "Velasco," "The Genoese," etc.
Park Benjamin, author of "Sonnets and Lyrical Poems," etc.
William Gilmore Sims, author of "Guy Rivers," "Pelago," "Southern Passages and Pictures," etc.
James Russell Lowell, author of "A Year's Life, and other Poems," "Old English Dramatists," etc.
Frederick W. Thomas, author of "Clinton Bradshaw," "Howard Pinckney," "East and West," etc.
Cornelius Mathews, author of "The Politicians," "The Motley Book," "Puffer Hopkins," etc.
Rev. Walter Colton, author of "Constantinople and Athens," "Ship and Shore," etc.
Louis Fitzgerald Tassiro, author of "Random Shots," "Argives," etc.
Alfred B. Street, author of "Nature," "The Burning of Schenectady," etc.
George Hill, author of "The Ruins of Athens," "Titania's Banquet," etc.

"Hymns to the Gods," "Sketches and Poems," etc.
Edgar A. Poe, author of "Tales of the Grotesque and the Arabesque," etc.
H. Hastings Weld, author of "Corrected Poems," etc.
James Aldrich.
Hon. Robert T. Conrad, author of "Aylmere," etc.
William E. Burton.
George Lunt, author of "The Grave of Byron," etc.
Rev. Louis L. Noble.
J. K. Mitchell, M. D., author of "Indecision," etc.
Charles R. Peterson.
J. H. Ingraham, author of "The South West," etc.
Horace Greeley.
George H. Colton, author of "Tecumseh," etc.
Reynell Coates, M. D.
Walter Landor, author of "Stanley," etc.
James T. Fields.
Robert Morris.
W. A. Jones.
John Inman.

GRAHAM'S LADY'S AND GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE has been from its establishment more than any other the favorite periodical of the gentler sex. Though its plan does not entirely exclude articles of the most important character—such as have raised Blackwood's, and some other foreign journals to their high influence and reputation—its pages will be principally devoted to what is usually termed light literature. It will be distinguished from other publications of similar aims, by the literary and artistic merit of its contents. While those of other works are unknown or anonymous, the contributions to this are the most eminent authors of our age and country; the very creators—founders—of our NATIONAL LITERATURE. Especially is it celebrated as containing the choicest productions of the finest female writers of the time. Every number contains gems which may be appealed to with pride by the sex as vindicating their intellectual eminence. The following list of authoresses, who have hitherto and will hereafter write for it, will show that in this regard no rivalry to it can be sustained:

Mrs. Emma C. Embury, author of "Constance Latimer, the Blind Girl," "Guido, and other Poems," etc.
Mrs. Frances Sargent Osgood, author of "A Wreath of Wild Flowers from New England," etc.
Mrs. Seba Smith, author of "The Sinless Child," "The Western Captive, or the Times of Tecumseh," "Essays, Critical and Miscellaneous," etc.
Miss Eliza Leslie, author of "Pencil Sketches," "Althea Vernon, and other Tales," etc.
Mrs. "Mary Clavers," author of "A New Home—Who'll Follow?" "Forest Life," etc.
Mrs. Maria Brooks, author of "Zophiel, or The Bride of Seven," etc.
Mrs. E. F. Ellet, author of "Characteristics of Schiller," "Rambles in the Country," etc.
Mrs. Lydia Jane Pierson, author of "Poems and Essays," etc.
Mrs. Amelia B. Welby, author of "Poems by Amelia," etc.
Mrs. A. M. F. Annan, author of "Tales and Sketches," etc.
"F. E. F.," author of "The Marriage of Convenience," etc.
Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, author of "Mary Derwent," etc.

Besides these well known and universally popular writers, many anonymous contributors of distinguished merit furnish articles for nearly every number.

Splendid Embellishments.

In the department of Engravings, it is well known that GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE has far surpassed any periodical work ever published in this or any other country. The highest ambition of rival publishers seems thus far to have been to maintain a respectable imitation of the numerous costly and beautiful works of art with which the successive numbers of this journal have been graced. In the course of the succeeding volumes many important new features will be introduced. SARTAIN and SADD, the most celebrated *Mexican Engravers* in the Union, and equals of the best in Europe, will continue to furnish their exquisite productions; and *Rawdon, Wright and Hatch, G. Parker, A. L. Dick, Gimbrede, Jackman, Jones* and others, of New York, and *Dudson, Welch & Waters, Tucker* and others, of Philadelphia, all among the most eminent *LITHOGRAPHERS* of the present century, have been engaged to furnish a succession of highly finished steel engravings, superior to any that have hitherto appeared in periodicals. Among the pictures that will be engraved for the volumes in 1843, are several

Original Paintings.

By *Ingham, Inman, Cole, Thompson, Freeman, Franquinet*, and other distinguished artists. The American periodicals have hitherto contained, save in a very few instances, only engravings copied from foreign prints. The publisher of GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE will be the first to reform the practice, and to make his work strictly original in its embellishments as well as in its literary contents.

Our Portrait Gallery.

One of the new features of the coming volumes will be the introduction of *Portraits of the Contributors to Graham's Magazine*, which of course will include nearly all the eminent writers of the day. The thirty-fifth volume will include, from the burins of *Parker, Dodson*, and others, portraits (engraved in the highest style of art) of Mr. Cooper, Professor Longfellow, "Maria del Occidente," Mrs. Sigourney, Miss Sedgwick, Mrs. Seba Smith, Mrs. Embury, and several others—all from paintings executed expressly for the purpose.

The Editorial Department.

Will continue to embrace notes on current literature, etc., and reviews of all new American and foreign works of general interest or value. The criticisms of GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE are acknowledged in all parts of this country to be superior in acumen, honesty and independence to those of any contemporary. Indeed, while a majority of the monthly and quarterly journals have become mere advertising mediums for the booksellers, in which every thing "in print" is indiscriminately praised, this periodical is looked upon as a just and discriminating arbiter between authors and readers, in which both have implicit confidence.

Terms.
GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE will be published on

the first of each month in every quarter of the Union. The most distant subscribers will therefore receive it on that day, as well as those who reside in Philadelphia. The Proprietor being more desirous of presenting the best and most beautiful than the cheapest work in the country, and anxious to bring it within the reach of all, offers the following as the lowest terms at which it can be afforded:

Three dollars per annum in advance for a Single Copy, or Two Copies yearly for Five Dollars; Five Copies for Ten Dollars; Eight for Fifteen, or Eleven for Twenty Dollars, (Clubs furnished as usual,) invariably in advance. Postage of all Letters to be paid.

GEORGE R. GRAHAM,
No. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

Editors of Newspapers who will publish the above Prospectus, and send to "The United States Saturday Post" a copy of the sheet containing it, distinctly marked with ink, will be entitled to an exchange for the year.

A PROSPECTUS
For the establishment of a Review, to be published in the city of New Orleans, and simultaneously in the other principal cities of the Southern States, and in Texas, to be called the

SOUTHERN QUARTERLY REVIEW.

The title alone of the proposed work, is sufficient to enlist in its behalf the feeling of all genuine Southerners. Distinguished as they are, and ever have been, for their pride of character, their hearty concurrence in the establishment of an exclusively Southern periodical can scarcely be doubted. It is, therefore, with a perfect confidence in southern ambition and liberality, that a proposition is submitted for issuing, in the great commercial emporium of the South and West, a Review, the main objects and design of which shall be, to exhibit the enterprise, talent and intelligence of this favored portion of our country. The Northern, Eastern and Middle States are all represented by some work similar to the one proposed, in which their principles are openly avowed; their literary taste and productions constantly exhibited, and their institutions and customs boldly and fearlessly defended. And has not the South principles peculiar to itself which she is proud to acknowledge? Does she not boast of endowments of talent, equal to those of any people or of any age? Are her writers inferior to those of the North and East, and has she not institutions which she is willing and able to defend? But one answer can be given. We have then the material, rich and abundant, and as citizens of this sunny clime, we shall be false to ourselves, to our institutions and feelings, if we refuse to come forward in support of an object which should be dear to every patriot and to every man.

In order, therefore, to meet the wants, and wishes of this community, and of the entire South, the subscribers propose to publish in the city of New Orleans, and simultaneously, in the other principal cities of the Southern States, and in Texas, a SOUTHERN QUARTERLY REVIEW, of the usual size of such periodicals, in which the interest of the South, as a distinct branch of the American Confederacy, shall be maintained, and all leading questions, political and commercial bearing upon those interests, shall be discussed, and the great cause of learning and letters in the South shall be promoted by original articles on topics of literary interest to our whole country and the present age, and by articles more particularly in the form of Reviews.

This enterprise is not undertaken by the subscribers without a full sense of the responsibilities which it involves, and without a due knowledge of what is needed in order to meet the just expectations of the South in regard to such a work. Without pretending to set themselves up as arbiters of taste, and better qualified for such an undertaking than many others who might be named, the subscribers are very satisfied that a work of the kind proposed is needed, and without waiting for others who may never move in the matter, they are disposed to employ all the means in their power in sustaining the reputation of such a work, should they be so fortunate as to establish it. A correspondence will be opened with the leading writers of the South—and their co-operation, if practicable, will be secured, to render the work a just and worthy exponent of the opinions of the entire South on topics of great public and literary interest.

In a literary point of view, the subscribers are satisfied that such a work should not be sectional and exclusive. Literature is the offspring of no particular country or clime. It belongs solely to the domain of mind. A Southern Review, therefore, should be no further sectional than that it should afford scope for the development of Southern genius, and should aim to promote the interest of Southern literature, in order that we may keep up with the progress of other portions of the American Union and other parts of the world in literary enterprise and attainment.

No articles discussing religious subjects, of a party or sectarian character, will ever be made admissible. The facilities which New Orleans affords for the prompt, easy and safe transmission of such a work, to all Southern and South-western States, by means of railways and steamboats—preferable to the more uncertain and expensive communication by mail—renders the location selected for its publication more eligible, it is believed, than any other city in the Southern portion of our Union.

TERMS.—The expenses of the publication of such a work at the South being double those of its publication at the North, it cannot be afforded at a less amount than TEN DOLLARS annually, which will be always expected to be paid in advance—that is, upon the delivery of the first number of each year. Each number will contain at least two hundred and fifty octavo pages, printed on the finest paper and in the very best style of the American Press, and will range from that minimum to four hundred pages quarterly. Accepted articles will, in all cases, be paid for at the rate of two dollars for the printed page.

The work will be commenced as soon as two thousand responsible subscribers are obtained; and as efficient means will be immediately employed to secure this amount of patronage the publication of the work may be expected at an early day.
D. KIMBALL WHITAKER,
JAMES HITCHIE,
New Orleans, January 24, 1841.

PROSPECTUS OF THE AMERICAN EDITION OF THE DUBLIN UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE.

The increased attention paid to the cultivation of British Periodical Literature, may be regarded as among the prominent characteristics of the present age. An entirely new class of writers, including some of the finest intellects that country has produced, have, in some instances, done honor to its pages, and thus a corresponding elevation has been given to the standard of the popular taste.

Among the distinguished Periodicals of the day, none may be said to take a higher range in the fields of elegant literature, than the "DUBLIN UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE." Characterized, as its pages have ever been, by a delightful richness of rich Irish humor, and deep and powerful pathos, and claiming as its contributors, some of the most distinguished writers of Great Britain, this highly talented work has ever maintained a proud position amongst its contemporaries; while from the dawn of its commencement it has been constantly increasing in the

popular estimation down to the present time. In confirmation of our assertion, it is only necessary to refer to those thrilling incidents of flood and field, *Loregger*, both of which originally graced the pages of this periodical—the most popular, with the exception of Boz's works, perhaps, of all that have ever issued from the periodical press. Sparkling as do, with incidents of such intense and glowing interest in their perusal we positively cannot be needless, however, for us to speak of the merits of an author with whom the public universally so favorably acquainted, were it not for the announcement of new work from the pen of the same delightful writer, Dr. LAVER, which is to appear in the Magazine, and which will be commenced immediately after the completion of the series of "Charles O'Malley," now in course of publication.

Another, and a scarcely less favorite writer, the legend-loving LOVER, whose admirable productions, may also be named as among the contributors to this popular periodical; to whom we may further add the name of WILLIAM CARLETON, a man of unusual ability and skill, and one who is assuredly destined to take rank among the most gifted men of his generation. As a writer of elegant fiction, he is perhaps unequalled in purity and profundity of pathos, and exquisite grace and delicacy of sentiment.

Another attractive feature of this work consists in its Monthly Gallery of Portraits, of characters eminent in literature, science, theology, law, medicine, and politics, connected with Ireland, to which are appended a series of Biographical Memoirs, &c., &c., the American Edition of the Dublin University Magazine, these admirably characteristic etchings will give with all their life, likeness and originality. The American Edition will be a facsimile of the original.

TERMS.—\$4 per annum, payable in advance. Subscriptions received by the Publisher, by Mr. JOHN NIMMO, Agent for the Canadas, and by the respective local agents throughout the United States.

J. M. MASON,
New York, September 1841.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CRESCENT CITY.

The subscribers propose, on the first of October, to commence the publication of a daily newspaper, in New Orleans, heading the above title. The reasons for this course are numerous and sufficient, but need not here be stated.

In answer to an inquiry, what will be the character of the proposed publication? The proprietors answer: that in relation to partisan questions, religious or political, it takes no part whatever. Facts in relation to these, as well as other subjects, will be occasionally stated, but only as matter of history, or passing remark, without taking sides for one party or another. The editors are citizens, and in common with other freemen, will vote for Whig or Vindex; we suspect the former; just as they please; but their paper will be neither one nor the other. It will, however, to the utmost of its ability, sustain the public credit, by which we mean the credit of the United States, our own State, and public institutions, nor less that of individuals our own included.

Passing events, domestic and foreign will be carefully chronicled, and placed before our readers in a brief and comprehensive manner as possible. All important transactions occurring in the city of whatever character, will receive from us due notice and sometimes events not very important, may be rendered more so by our notice. The proceedings of public bodies, whether incorporated or not, will be observed, and full often become the subjects of remark. The various amusements of our city, or whatever nature, will be subject upon which we propose freely, but liberally to comment.

Commercial and business information will form a special item of the daily contents of our sheet. At least once a week we propose to give a brief but full view of the state of the market. Arrivals of ships and steamboats will be noticed, and facts learned by them be speedily communicated to the public.

As ours is at once a mercantile and family paper, nothing of a bitter or angry character; nothing indelicate or of immoral tendency, will be permitted to stain our pages. Instead of these, it will be our aim to cater for the taste of the pure, refined and virtuous; and especially to render our columns agreeable and instructive to the young and to families, where it is to be hoped our paper will be daily and nightly read by the fair, as well as by the staid and worthy among the sterner sex. Let it not be supposed, however, that sprightliness, wit, and sallies of mirth and innocent gaiety are to form no part of the contents of our journal. The smile of intelligent and harmless humor, and the effluence of chastened but Attie wit, and the pleasanties of social enjoyment, possess too many charms to be refused admittance to our hearts, and will consequently be ever welcome to our columns.

In short, we intend to render our little sheet a compendium of all subjects consistent with rigid purity of morals, from the soberest lessons of religion and philosophy, to the gayest and most playful efforts of fancy and wit.

O'DOWD & CO.

THE TROPIC—WEEKLY.

The gratifying success which has attended the daily publication of THE TROPIC, has induced the publishers to offer a Weekly edition, at such a price as will place it within reach of every citizen of the State.—The first number will be issued Sunday morning, November 13th.

The great importance of the approaching Presidential election demands of the Whigs the most zealous and untiring efforts, in order to perfect the union and arouse the slumbering energies of the party. It has been demonstrated, upon more than one occasion, that the Whigs of Louisiana, outnumber their opponents by from three to four thousand, nearly as large a majority compared with the aggregate vote, as is given by the best Whig States in the Union. In 1840, Massachusetts gave a Whig majority of over twenty thousand votes. The majority given by Louisiana, compared with the number of votes cast, exceeded that of the Bay State about one-fifth. So that at the election, Louisiana assumed the proud position of the THIRD WHIG STATE in the Republic, second only to Kentucky and Vermont. This gratifying result was attributable only to the unparalleled exertions of the Whigs, to the complete harmony which reigned throughout their ranks, and their powerful rally in defence of their principles. Will the Whigs of Louisiana do less in 1844 for HARRIS OF THE WEST, their favorite leader, than they did in 1840 for the lamented General Harrison and the traitor Tyler?

The Weekly Tropic will be an independent, but earnest and unflinching advocate of Whig principles, and will disseminate early and correct information upon all political topics. Its commercial department will be inferior to that of no paper published in the South. In its news department will not be in the rear of any of its contemporaries.

We respectfully recommend it to the Whigs of Louisiana and of the neighboring States, Alabama and Mississippi, as a cheap and safe medium for the circulation of sound and healthy political intelligence.

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